

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, AUG. 14.—Last 24 hours' rainfall, .07. Temperature, Max. 81; Min. 72. Weather, rainy.



ESTABLISHED JULY 2 1856

SUGAR.—96 Test Centrifugals, 4.125c.; Per Ton, \$82.50.
88 Analysis Beets, 10s. 4.1-2d.; Per Ton, \$84.80.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1905.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSUL SAITO WANTS FACTS OF MAUI CASE

Acting Governor Atkinson Has Instructed the Attorney-General to Go Right to the Bottom of the Affair.

International complications may arise out of the death on Maui of a Japanese laborer in Puunene Mill, under circumstances that have led to the arrest of Alfred Douse, second engineer of the mill, on a charge of murder, despite his practical exoneration by a coroner's jury.

"I have instructed the Attorney-general to see that the matter is thoroughly sifted to the bottom," said Acting Governor Atkinson yesterday. "No; the Japanese Consul has not called the case to my attention, but I want to see that equal and exact justice is done."

Nevertheless, Japanese Consul Saito has acted in the matter, to the extent that he has asked that the body of the dead Japanese be exhumed, and forwarded to Honolulu for examination by Drs. Uchida and Mori, and President Pinkham of the Board of Health has ordered that this be done. The Consul made his application on Saturday to Deputy Attorney-general Peters, and was told that the proper way to reach the matter was through official channels. Mr. Peters suggested that an application to the President of the Board of Health for the exhumation of the body by the local government physician on Maui, and in the presence of Dr. Sada, the local Japanese physician, would in all probability be granted. Then, in the presence of these two

medical men, the heart and kidneys of the dead man could be sealed and sent to Honolulu, where the Board of Health physicians could examine them, in the presence of Drs. Uchida and Mori if that was desired. Evidently, from the sequel, Consul Saito acted upon this suggestion.

The story of the death of the Japanese laborer was told in the Advertiser's correspondence from Maui yesterday. As it comes from the Japanese witnesses to the affair, it is said that on Saturday, August 5th, Douse ordered his Japanese helper to get some kerosene oil. Instead, the man brought a small quantity of gasoline. Douse became enraged, it is said, and grabbed the Japanese, shook him, struck him with his fist, poured the gasoline over him, and then set fire to it.

The Japanese was taken to the Puunene Hospital, where he died.

The Japanese assert that he died from his injuries received at the hands of Douse. At the inquest, however, Dr. Reis testified that the man could not have died from these injuries, and that death was probably occasioned by heart or kidney disease. The coroner's jury found the left side of the man's face and both arms badly burned, upon their examination of the body, nevertheless they brought in a verdict assigning disease of the heart or kidneys as the cause of death. The matter will now be thoroughly sifted.

THE KAISER GIVES AUDIENCE TO TWO AMERICAN EDUCATORS

(Associated Press Cablegram.)

CASSEL, August 15.—Kaiser William has given audience to President Butler and Dean Burgess, of Columbia University, relative to the plan for an interchange of professors between the universities of Germany and America.



WILLIAM OF GERMANY.

This is a project that has attracted a great deal of attention among leading educators latterly. The idea is to send professors from Europe to the American colleges, American professors being sent to Europe in return, the visitors to lecture to the students of the several colleges. It is hoped, in this way, to make culture more general, and perhaps to educate the teachers in the broader sense at the same time that the students are learning. If the educators have succeeded in interesting the Kaiser in the project, there is every prospect that a trial of it will be made.

GOVERNOR CALEB WEST HELD UP A COXEY ARMY

Distinguished Visitor Who as Chief Executive of Utah Made History in Strenuous Times.

"WHEN I LOOK BACK OVER MY OFFICIAL CAREER AS GOVERNOR OF THE TERRITORY OF UTAH UNDER BOTH ADMINISTRATIONS OF PRESIDENT CLEVELAND, I FEEL THAT THERE IS NOTHING THAT I REGRET HAVING DONE."

Hon. Caleb W. West, now a special agent of the United States Treasury Department with headquarters at San Francisco and who, at two different periods was chief executive of Utah while that interesting section of Uncle Sam's domain was a territory, is the man who made the above statement. And that statement covers periods of Utah's history when the situation between Gentiles and Mormons was so tense that armed men of the nation patrolled the streets of the Mormon capital. That was many years ago and much of the bitterness of those days has passed away.

Caleb West figured prominently in the stirring events in the Mormon territory following the enforcement of the Edmunds act which was the cause of scores of influential polygamists being sent to the penitentiary for having more than the one wife which the law of the nation allows any one man, and it was this self-same executive, who, in 1893 or 1894 went to Buzzards' Bay with Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle, and, with President Cleveland, drew up the famous Amnesty Proclamation by which the president restored to

AGREEMENT ON THREE POINTS

Japan Controls Korea, Both Belligerents Evacuate Manchuria and China Will Get the Railway Below Harbin.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., August 15.—The Japanese and Russian plenipotentiaries have agreed upon three articles of the treaty of peace, as follows:

First.—The recognition of Japan's preponderating influence in Korea.

Second.—The mutual obligation on the part of Japan and Russia to evacuate Manchuria and maintain the open door in that province.

Third.—The absolute cession to China of the line of the Chinese Eastern railway below Harbin.

HOPE JAPAN WILL RECEDE.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 15.—Practically the only hope for peace in official circles is that Japan will recede materially from the original statement of the terms upon which she will agree to make peace.

AMERICAN JEWS HAVE SESSION WITH DE WITTE

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., August 15.—A deputation of prominent American Jews visited M. De Witte today, and discussed with him the situation of the Jewish communities in Russia.

LABORERS IN ANDELUSIA IN ABSOLUTE DESTITUTION

MADRID, August 15.—Five hundred thousand laborers in Andalusia are without the bare necessities of life, and in several districts the people are absolutely at the mercy of rioters.

YELLOW FEVER INCREASING.

NEW ORLEANS, August 15.—Fifty-five new cases of yellow fever and twelve deaths is the report for the day.

FRANCE GETS INDEMNITY.

NORTHFIELD, Vermont, August 14.—The claims of the French government against Venezuela, amounting to 5,000,000 francs, have been allowed by Referee Plumley of this place. This decision is final.

NEW DUTCH PREMIER.

THE HAGUE, August 14.—The new cabinet has approved Herr Demmeester, a professor in the University, as premier.

FRENCH FLEET LEAVES ENGLAND.

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., August 14.—The visiting French fleet left here today, sailing for Brest.

RULERS TO MEET.

LONDON, August 14.—King Edward will meet Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria at Ischal.

TAFT AT ILOILO.

ILOILO, August 14.—Secretary of War Taft and party arrived here today from Manila.

WANT LANDS OF PALOLO A SPECIAL STEAMER

Applicants Ready to Sleep at Land Office Door.
Recommended to Bring the Shriners to Hawaii.

Talk about people wanting land in this country! There is going to be a rush for the mauka Palolo Homestead lots, and the first man on the ground will get the land. These lots will be opened for entry on next Monday, August 21, and the first applicant will get his choice of lots. In that order they will be dealt out so long as any are left. All citizens are allowed to take the lots, of course, but it is believed that the desire for them will manifest itself chiefly among native Hawaiians. At all events, a number of these took their blankets to the Land Office yesterday and left them there, preparatory to camping at the door of the place all Sunday night in order to be on hand bright and early Monday morning. At the close of the day, and probably long before, it is thought that all the homesteads will be taken. In the meantime, there is also a large demand for makai Palolo lots, which are to be sold at 9 a. m. on August 23. There are twenty of these lots, and nine were applied for at the close of business in the Land Office yesterday, several of the applications covering the same lots. There seems to be a desire, in fact, to get the lots on the highlands. Of course, where more than one application is made for the same lot, the lot will be auctioned to the highest bidder, otherwise it will go at the upset price.

Those who have applied for lots so far are W. C. Bergen, Thos. H. Dukin, S. C. Hardesty, C. W. Crandell, E. R. Bath, E. R. Niemann, Christian Strom, F. J. Wallace and C. J. H. Behn.

The newly erected portable wireless telegraph buildings which adorn the Naval Station grounds have been repaired and are now in shape for occupancy. The wireless mast is being shaped for erection on the grounds.

The Hawaii Promotion Committee has recommended to all its Coast correspondents and representatives that in the endeavor to head Shriners this way next year after the conclave at Los Angeles is concluded, an effort be made to secure a steamer to be placed entirely at the disposal of the fez wearers.

The committee recognizes the fact that the through liners may not be in a position to give the Shriners accommodations both ways which would be satisfactory to them, and to this end it is proposed to bring them here and send them back again in a special steamer. As there is almost a year to accomplish this it is quite possible that a steamer load can be booked. The committee is also advising and asking its Coast correspondents to endeavor to secure a \$100 round trip rate.

The committee is now sending lists of names of those who write here for booklets and information concerning the islands, to the headquarters of the railroads on the mainland. For instance, all inquiries from the state of Iowa are grouped and the names forwarded to railroads crossing that state. The railroad officials are now asking that additional lists of from twelve to twenty copies be sent them so that they may place the same in the hands of their agents, who are requested from headquarters to endeavor to get these inquiries to take the trip to the islands. The regular fall distribution of Hawaiian literature on the Atlantic liners is about to commence.

Hackfeld & Co. expect the A-H freighter Arizonan to arrive today from the Coast, bringing freight and a mail. The Nevada is advertised to sail from Puget Sound on August 20, and San Francisco August 28, for Honolulu. The Nebraska left Seattle for Honolulu on August 10.